

# Stock-Picking Model

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## Overview

This product sheet introduces an **AI-powered data tool** for smart decision-making process in the stock market. Our research team have developed a model for market inefficiency exploitation (researchers call it no-arbitrage condition violation). Stock portfolio can be designed with the tool to 'beat the market'. The Stock-Picking Model for stock ranking is based on expected risk-adjusted returns. The model focuses on a representative universe of US stocks DJIA, SP100, SP500 and Russel 2000 with investment horizons ranging 1-week, 1-month, 3-moths and 6-months.

## Predictor Types

Firm-Specific:

The model uses firm-specific and macro predictors. The statistical firm-specific variables include momentum, statistical moments, trading volumes, technical analysis indicators, dividend payout yield, standardised unexplained volume (SUV) and autoregressive factors. Fundamental firm-specific variables include financial ratios, market capitalisation, dividend yield and others.

Macro predictors:

Yahoo indices, stock indices returns, realised volatility, bond indices data, financial activity measures, commercial banking indicators, monetary data, employment data, national income, international trade and others.

## Method

The goal is to develop a model to estimate the following value:

$$y_{i,t} = r_{t,i} - \mu_{r,t}$$

where:

$$\mu_{r,t} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N r_{t,i}$$

There are nine submodels, all of them are estimated on the cross-sectional dataset of NxT size and tested with: ridge linear regression, elastic-net linear regression, feed-forward neural network with continuous targets, elastic-net logistic regression, feed-forward neural network with binary targets.

## Use Case

The user can collect long & short portfolio, equal-weighted from 20 undervalued and 20 overvalued stocks and the investment horizon is 1-month. It means the user will both buy and sell stocks picked by the model.

## Use Case - Inputs

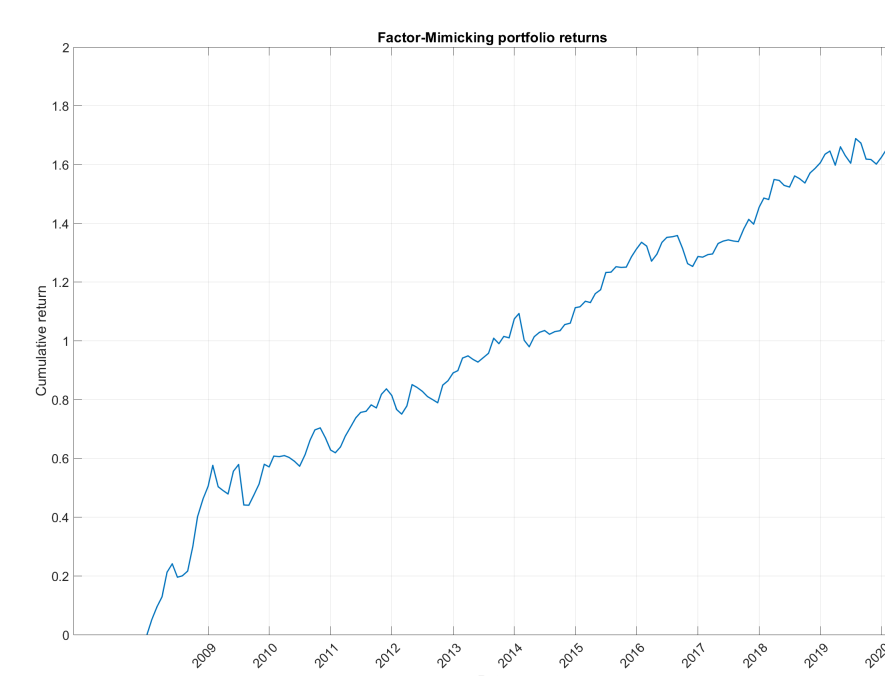
The model provides following chart with mispriced stocks.

ID	Ticker	Company	Diff	ID	Ticker	Company	Diff
01	CVX	Occidental Petroleum Corp	0.118	55	GOOG	Alphabet LLC	-0.062
02	GE	General Electric Company	0.117	56	WMT	Walmart Stores	-0.060
03	KMI	Kinder Morgan	0.113	57	WFC	Wells Fargo & Company	-0.061
04	FTX	United Technologies Corp	0.112	58	QCOM	Qualcomm Inc	-0.062
05	MA	Marriott International	0.111	59	BLK	Blackrock	-0.060
06	CP	ConocoPhillips	0.110	60	BA	Boeing Company	-0.060
07	ALG	Allegan PLC	0.109	61	MSM	MetLife Financial Group	-0.060
08	NEI	Norfolk Southern Corp	0.108	62	AMZN	Amazon.com Inc	-0.060
09	UNP	Union Pacific Corp	0.107	63	DIS	Walt Disney Company	-0.060
10	SO	Southern Company	0.106	64	AMT	American Tower Corp	-0.060
11	MOT	Motorola Solutions Inc	0.105	65	ADSK	Autodesk Inc	-0.060
12	COG	Coca-Cola Company	0.104	66	INTC	Intel Corp	-0.060
13	NEE	Norfolk Southern Corp	0.103	67	UPS	United Parcel Service	-0.060
14	AME	American International Group	0.102	68	ABT	Abbott Laboratories	-0.060
15	CVS	CVS Health Corp	0.101	69	MRK	Merck & Company	-0.060
16	WDC	Western Digital Corp	0.100	70	BK	Bank of America Corp	-0.060
17	V	Visa Inc	0.099	71	JNJ	Johnson & Johnson	-0.060
18	SLB	Schlumberger NV	0.098	72	AMZN	Amazon.com Inc	-0.060
19	DO	Dominion Energy Inc	0.097	73	DD	DuPont de Nemours Inc	-0.060
20	WAL	Wal-Mart Stores Inc	0.096	74	MSFT	Microsoft Corp	-0.060

The user will place properly set-up orders in his/her trading platform in order to assemble the portfolio. The next steps are managed by user's broker.

## Results

The following charts show the above-compiled portfolio performance.



ID	Factor	FM Return	FM Std	FM Total	FM Pval	Long Beta	Long Max	Long DDB	Long Total	Long Pval	Pearson	Corr	CorrPval	Info		
1	Model 1 pval: 0.05 macCorr: 0.8	14.76%	0.1426	12.2518	4.8420	100.00%	16.49%	-0.5939	3.2859	3.2091	99.92%	0.0836	0.0836	5.3379	100.00%	342
2	Model 2 pval: 0.05 macCorr: 0.6	14.59%	0.1211	14.2330	4.9525	100.00%	16.22%	-0.5648	3.3973	3.3133	99.89%	0.0777	0.0777	5.3063	100.00%	342
3	Model 3 pval: 0.05 macCorr: 0.4	13.82%	0.0928	24.3878	4.6603	100.00%	15.83%	-0.5303	3.4870	3.2432	99.91%	0.0646	0.0646	4.7943	100.00%	342
4	Model 4 pval: 0.01 macCorr: 0.8	16.57%	0.1037	18.9149	5.7928	100.00%	18.04%	-0.5100	4.1822	3.6232	99.98%	0.0838	0.0838	6.2931	100.00%	342
5	Model 5 pval: 0.01 macCorr: 0.6	16.91%	0.0852	23.4767	5.6277	100.00%	18.51%	-0.4428	4.9475	3.8297	99.99%	0.0764	0.0764	6.2361	100.00%	342
6	Model 6 pval: 0.01 macCorr: 0.4	13.78%	0.1041	15.6296	4.8000	100.00%	16.40%	-0.6008	4.8027	3.4373	99.96%	0.0818	0.0818	4.9624	100.00%	342
7	Model 7 pval: 0.001 macCorr: 0.8	17.87%	0.1400	15.1041	5.4538	100.00%	18.76%	-0.4278	5.1881	3.9647	99.99%	0.1000	0.1000	6.6812	100.00%	342
8	Model 8 pval: 0.001 macCorr: 0.6	17.69%	0.1372	15.2520	5.3161	100.00%	19.47%	-0.3914	5.8868	3.1686	100.00%	0.0832	0.0832	6.3031	100.00%	342
9	Model 9 pval: 0.001 macCorr: 0.4	15.02%	0.1036	17.1602	4.8398	100.00%	16.80%	-0.4586	4.1361	3.9377	99.98%	0.0796	0.0796	5.4511	100.00%	342

The compound annual growth rate is 17.69 % while the maximum drawdown is -13.72 % during the 2008 - 2020 period. The selection and testing is full-sample so there is no overfitting in the model.

## Conclusions

The results show excessive rate of return in comparison to the benchmarks (stock indices DJIA, SP500). The model is reinforcing with Bayesian procedure (Dynamic Bayesian Selection of Factors) to identify valid factors (with positive expected returns).

## Acknowledgements

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